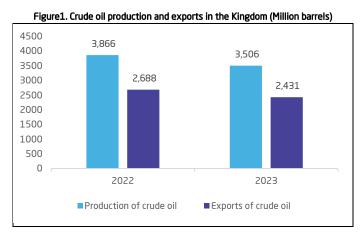
Oil and Gas Statistics 2023

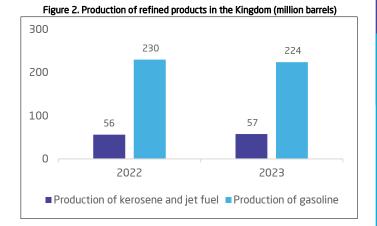
Crude oil production declines by 9.3% in 2023

Crude oil production for 2023 witnessed a decrease of 9.3% compared to 2022, reaching 3,506 million barrels. The amount of crude oil exports in the Kingdom witnessed a decrease of 9.6%, as the amount of oil exports amounted to 2,431 million barrels compared to 2022 (Figure 1).



Domestic production and consumption of refined products

Total gasoline production in 2023 decreased by 2.6% compared to 2022, reaching 224 million barrels. As for kerosene and jet fuel, production increased, reaching 57 million barrels, an increase of 2.7% compared to 2022 (Figure 2).



Consumption of refined products

Total gasoline consumption in 2023 increased by 1.8% compared to 2022, reaching 186 million barrels. As for kerosene and jet fuel, consumption increased by 32.8%, reaching 35 million barrels, compared to 2022. (Figure 3).

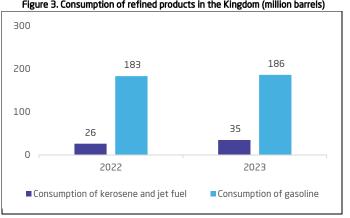
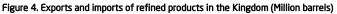


Figure 3. Consumption of refined products in the Kingdom (million barrels)

Exports and imports of refined products

Total fuel oil exports for 2023 decreased by 10.3% compared to 2022, as exports amounted to 67 million barrels, while imports increased amounting to 88 million barrels, with a growth rate of about 25.9%. As for gas oil/diesel, it witnessed a decrease in the amount of exports, reaching 206 million barrels, a decrease of 15.7% compared to 2022, while the amount of imports increased by 33 million barrels with a growth rate of 43.8% (Figure 4).



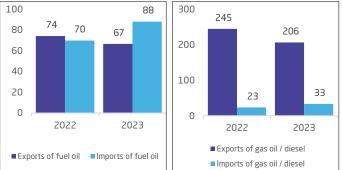


Table1. Key Indicators of Oil and Gas Statistics Unit 2022 2023 Indicators 3,506 3.866 Crude oil production Crude oil consumption 178 173 Crude oil exports 2,688 2.431 Production of kerosene and jet fuel 56 57 Consumption of kerosene and jet fuel 35 26 Million Gasoline production 230 224 barrels 183 Gasoline consumption 186 74 67 Fuel oil exports Fuel oil imports 70 88 Gas oil/diesel exports 245 206 Gas oil/diesel imports 23 33

Source : Tables.

Reference metadata

The Oil and Gas Statistics Publication covers energy data at the level of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia according to the Standard International Energy Classification (SIEC). The main sources for this publication are the administrative records of the General Authority for Statistics and the Ministry of Energy. Data is available in a time series for the period (2010-2023), with the publication frequency being annual. For further details, please refer to the reference metadata.