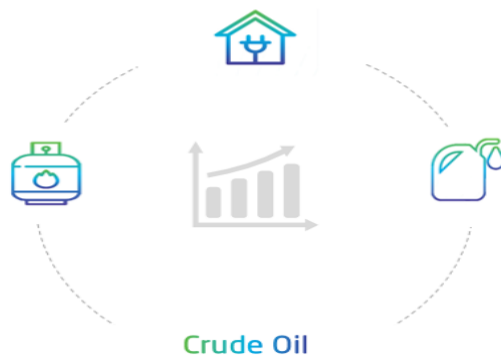




الهيئة العامة للإحصاء
General Authority for Statistics

LPG consumption per capita

2010 - 2018





Indicator Description:

Due to the importance of data in the energy sector and the existence of many requirements on statistical data that contribute to the achievement of the vision for the Kingdom 2030, as well as its important to researchers and decision makers. The indicator of LPG consumption per capita is considering as one of the most important indicators of energy security, Safe and adequate energy resources for domestic consumption and foreign trade.

Index collection method:

The indicator of LPG consumption per capita is depending on indicators from administrative records. Data are collected from the producer of the data such as the Ministry of Energy, Industry and Mineral Resources and the Electricity and Co-Generation Regulatory Authority.

Indicator Calculation Method:

The indicator calculated using this formula:

- $$\text{LPG consumption per capita} = \frac{\text{Aggregate LPG consumption}}{\text{population in KSA.}}$$
- If the unit of the indicator components are different, conversion factors are used.

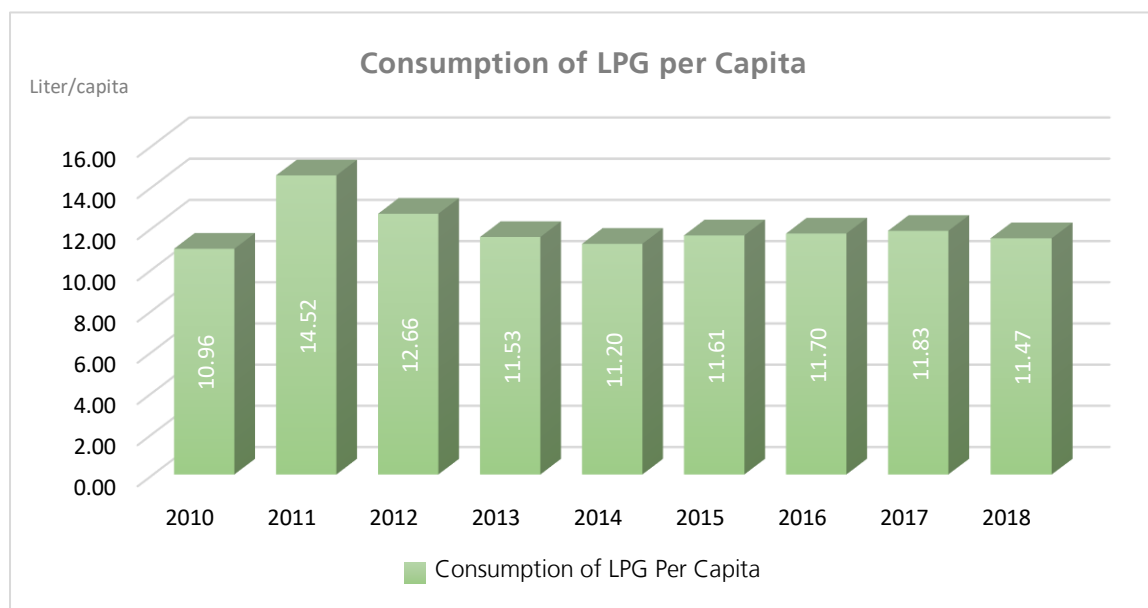


| years | Indicator | | |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | LPG consumption | The population in KSA | Consumption of LPG Per Capita |
| | unit | | |
| | Thousand B/D | Number | Liter per capita |
| 2010 | 13,428 | 27,410,510 | 10.96 |
| 2011 | 18,292 | 28,173,195 | 14.52 |
| 2012 | 16,356 | 28,896,842 | 12.66 |
| 2013 | 15,259 | 29,613,068 | 11.53 |
| 2014 | 15,188 | 30,339,797 | 11.20 |
| 2015 | 16,127 | 31,062,072 | 11.61 |
| 2016 | 16,632 | 31,787,580 | 11.70 |
| 2017 | 17,250 | 32,612,846 | 11.83 |
| 2018 | 17,141 | 33,413,660 | 11.47 |

Reference: Ministry of Energy and Industry and Mineral Resources / General Authority for Statistics/
Saudi Arabian Monetary Authority



2018





Summary:

LPG consumption per capita shows change over the period from 2010 to 2018; it increased from (10.96) liters per capita in 2010 to (14.52) liters per capita in 2011. then dropped to record only (11.47) liters per capita in 2018.

